

# Деви

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Студия

Русские шрифты

Дизайнер

Миша Панфилов

Релиз

Декабрь 2017

# Шрифт «Деву»

Деву это современное мультишрифтовое семейство включающее в себя четыре версии: condensed, normal, extended и expanded. Каждая состоит из 16 шрифтов. 8 прямых и 8 наклонных. Толщины – от thin до black.

Представляем вашему вниманию основную версию – Dewi normal. Шрифт относится к классу нео-гротесков. Это значит что он будет настоящей рабочей лошадкой. Благодаря особенному рисунку остаётся нейтральным в мелком кегле, а при работе с крупными размерами проявляет свой твёрдый и уверенный характер.

Огромное количество глифов, поддержка мультиязычности и опентаип возможности. Всё готово для того чтобы помочь решить абсолютно любые графические задачи. Логотипы, фирменные стили, веб-дизайн, навигационные системы, книжный и журнальный дизайн, плакаты или музыкальные обложки. У Деву нет границ для применения.

Thin

*Thin Italic*

Ultralight

*Ultralight Italic*

Light

*Light Italic*

Regular

*Italic*

**Semibold**

***Semibold Italic***

**Bold**

***Bold Italic***

**Ultrabold**

***Ultrabold Italic***

**Black**

***Black Italic***

Прописные

ABCDEFGHI

JKLMNOPQRST

UVWXYZ

Строчные

abcdefghijklmnopqrst

uvwxyz

Прописные

АБВГДЕЁЖЗИЙКЛМ  
НОПРСТУФХЦЧШЩЪ  
ЫЬЭЮЯ

Строчные

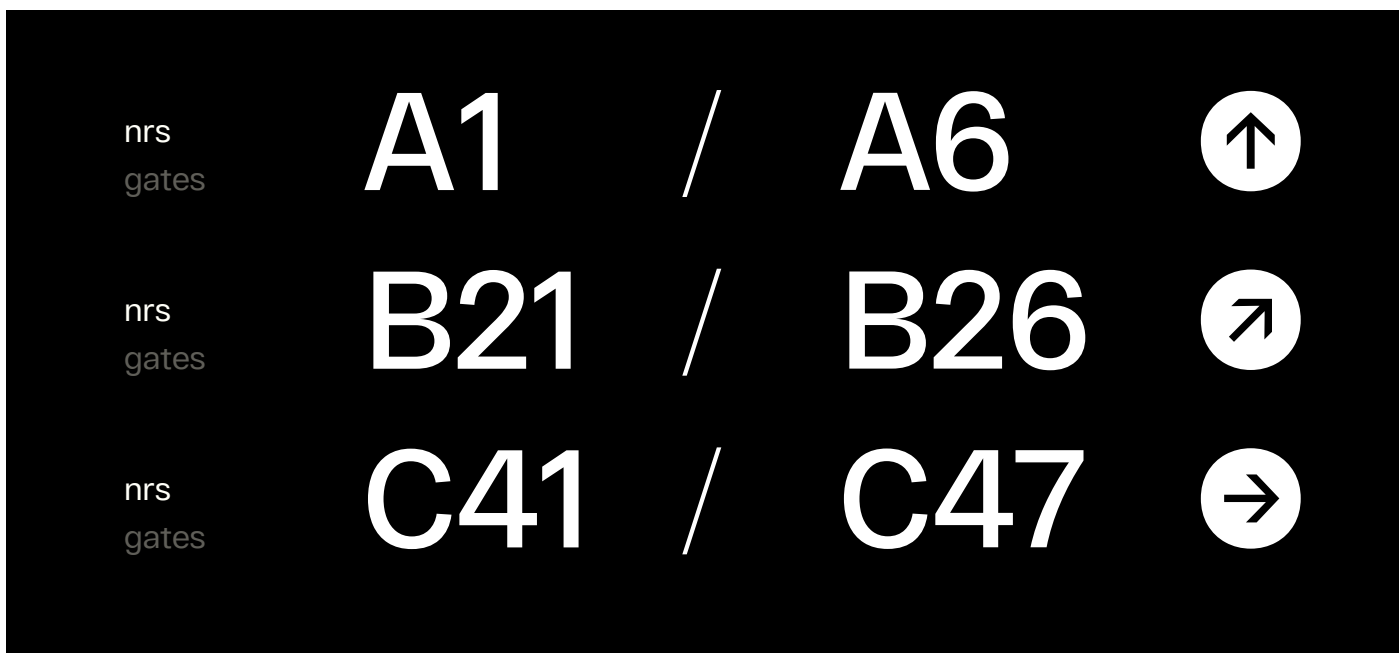
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Кириллица  
прописные

АБВГДЕЁЖЗИЙКЛМНОПРСТ  
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Цифры

0123456789 0

Старостильные  
цифры

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Табличные  
цифры

0123456789 0

Старостильные  
табличные цифры

0123456789 0

Дроби

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Круглые  
цифры

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Валюты

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Математические  
символы

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Пунктуация

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Стрелки

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Лигатуры

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Стилистические  
альтернативы 01

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Кейс  
сенсетив

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Автоматическме  
дроби

4/20 75/100 3/16 1234/5678

Надстрочные  
и подстрочные

0123456789 H<sup>0123456789</sup>

Нуменаторы  
и денаминаторы

0123456789 H<sub>0123456789</sub>

### Size 10pt, leading 15pt

The United States of America (USA), commonly known as the United States (U.S.) or America, is a federal republic composed of 50 states, a federal district, five major self-governing territories, and various possessions. At 3.8 million square miles (9.8 million km<sup>2</sup>) and with over 325 million people, the United States is the world's third- or fourth-largest country by total area and the third-most populous. The capital is Washington, D.C., and the largest city by population is New York City. Forty-eight states and the

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Size 32pt, leading 40pt

22 December 1808 – Beethoven conducts the world premiere of his Fifth Symphony at the Theater an der Wien in Vienna.

Size 46pt, leading 58pt

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8 December 2017

## Pictures from the world's biggest monument to Depeche Mode

*Dennis Burmeister was a mega-fan of the band who became an unofficial historian – a new book captures a snapshot of his 10,000-part memorabilia collection*

In 1980, a four young men hailing from the British town of Basildon decided to start a band. They named it '**Composition of Sound**', a very formal way of describing one of the defining factors of their 37-year career, and quickly adopted, 'Depeche Mode' (translation: 'Fashion News') after spotting it on the cover of a French magazine. Their music, like their name, was cutting edge. Coming into their own just as synthesiser music was making waves, Depeche Mode received offers from major labels but decided to sign with Mute Records, a London-based independent that was emerging as the sound of the times. Daniel Miller, the label's founder, started Mute in 1978 to release his own **one-man electro-punk** project The Normal, and the label subsequently signed a roster of artists that approached synth music with a DIY punk attitude.

### International phenomenon

By the mid-80s, Depeche Mode had become an international phenomenon, and one of the places their music made the most impact was with the youth living inside the Eastern bloc. Although their records had been banned by official channels, some Western radio and TV still reached fans, and Depeche Mode became musical heroes for a new generation. As a teenager growing up in East Germany, Dennis Burmeister was slowly becoming the band's number one fan, after having a lightbulb moment listening to "Pipeline" on the radio around 1983 or 84, then seeing a video for "A Question of Time" in 86. He began amassing a collection

11 сентября 2017

## Гоша Рубчинский и Алишер: Что творится в российской моде?

*The Village продолжает серию тематических бесед «Что творится». За чашкой чая Ahmad Tea встречаются те, кто создает культурную среду Москвы.*

### Алишер

Начинал как фотомодель, работал в Театре моды Славы Зайцева режиссером-постановщиком показов. Сейчас делает коллекции для модного дома Vouyon, работает личным стилистом Аллы Пугачевой, одевает деятелей шоу-бизнеса на сцене и в клипах.

### Гоша Рубчинский

Окончил художественную школу, колледж, работал стилистом на модных съемках. Осенью 2008 года запустил собственную марку мужской одежды «Гоша Рубчинский». Стал первым российским дизайнером, чья одежда продается в Dover Street Market и производится при поддержке Comme des Garçons.

Друзья часто просят меня помочь им с выбором одежды. И я каждый раз говорю: «За вас уже все придумали! Идите в Zara, идите в Bershka. Если не сможете подобрать себе вещи сами, попросите снять их с манекена, который вам понравится. Захотите что-то более экстремальное – наденьте то же самое не с туфлями, а с кедами». Конечно, за последнее время люди выросли в плане моды – просто потому что им на каждом углу показывают картинки, как нужно одеваться. А в 1990-е, когда не было всех этих журналов и магазинов, нужно было изгаляться и что-то придумывать – тогда и из занавесок платья шили. Но по большому счету

21. Mai 1972 in Brooklyn; † 9. März 1997 in Los Angeles

## The Notorious B.I.G. auch als Biggie, Biggie Smalls, Big Poppa

*Christopher Wallace wurde am 21. Mai 1972 als einziges Kind jamaikanischer Eltern im St. Mary's Hospital im New Yorker Stadtbezirk Brooklyn geboren und wuchs im Stadtteil Clinton Hill in Brooklyn auf. Seine Mutter Voletta Wallace arbeitete als Vorschullehrerin, sein Vater George Latore war Fabrikarbeiter und kurzzeitig als Politiker aktiv.*

Er verließ die Familie, als Wallace zwei Jahre alt war. Zu dieser Zeit übte seine Mutter zwei Berufe aus, um ihr Kind zu ernähren. Wie auch seine Mutter wuchs Christopher Wallace als **gläubiger Zeuge Jehovas** auf (auch in seinem Film Notorious B.I.G festgehalten). Seine Mutter stellte fest, dass ihr Sohn äußerst intelligent war, jedoch aus Langeweile oft aufmüpfig war. Mit zehn Jahren kam Wallace auf die Queen of All Saints Middle School, wo er des Öfteren Stufenbester wurde und mehrere Preise gewinnen konnte. Aufgrund seines starken Übergewichts erhielt Wallace in dieser Schule den Spitznamen Big. Im Alter von zwölf Jahren begann Wallace durch seinen guten Freund Dean Butler, besser bekannt als D-Roc, ins Drogengeschäft einzusteigen. Mit 14 Jahren kam Wallace schließlich auf die Bishop Loughlin Memorial High School, wo er weiterhin ein guter Schüler war, aufgrund seiner kriminellen Aktivitäten aber selten erschien und mit siebzehn Jahren der Schule verwiesen wurde. 1990, im Alter von 18 Jahren, kam Wallace aufgrund Kokainhandels für neun Monate ins Gefängnis, zwei Monate nachdem seine damalige Freundin Jane Jackson mit der gemeinsamen Tochter Tyanna schwanger geworden war. Wallace begann im Alter von 15 Jahren zu rappen. Anfangs machte er sich vor allem durch Gewinne

Artiste: Léonard de Vinci

## Ce tableau de Léonard de Vinci est devenu le plus cher du monde

*Longtemps disparu et oublié, réapparu en 2005, restauré, et publié en 2011 lors d'une exposition à la National Gallery de Londres, il devient la peinture la plus chère du monde en 2017, lors de son acquisition pour 382 millions € par le prince héritier d'Arabie saoudite, Mohammed ben Salmane, lors d'une vente d'art aux enchères de Christie's à New York.*

Le Salvator Mundi est un thème d'art chrétien, inspiré du Christ pantocrator («Christ tout-puissant» en grec ancien), popularisé entre autres par les peintres d'Europe du Nord Jan van Eyck (1390-1441), Hans Memling (v. 1435-1494) et Albrecht Dürer (1471-1528)... Il représente le Christ en gloire, qui donne sa bénédiction de la main droite, avec un orbe (insigne royal) dans sa main gauche.

Le tableau reprend ce thème, avec une figure du Christ vu de face, cadré à mi-corps. Il donne une bénédiction de la main droite (type benedictio latina, avec l'index et le majeur croisés). Cette main droite levée représente aussi le geste de celui qui enseigne, **énonce la parole divine**. Jésus-Christ tient dans la main gauche une sphère de cristal transparente, variante de l'orbe (insigne royal), qui se laisse traverser par la lumière sans subir de réfraction importante. Il porte une tunique bleu-mauve finement brodée avec des garnitures en brocart d'or, et il a de longs cheveux bouclés. L'orbe et les deux bandes croisées ornées de motifs géométriques répétitifs, sur sa poitrine, sont des attributs caractéristiques des empereurs. L'arrière-plan est habituellement neutre. Ce tableau aurait été commandé par le roi Louis XII vers 1500 peu

Albanian, English, Asa, Afrikaans, Basque, Belorussian, Bemba, Bena, Bulgarian, Bosnian, Welsh, Hungarian, Woonjo, Galician, Gandh, Goose, Danish, Diol-fon, Zulu, Indonesian, Irish, Icelandic, Kabuverdyan, Kalenjin, Catalan, Kölsch, Kinyarwanda, Cornish, Latvian, Lithuanian, Luo (Kenya and Tanzania), Luohya, Mauritian Creole, Macondo, Makua-meto, Malagasy, Malay, Maltese, Machame, Manx, German, Norwegian Bokmål, Norwegian Nynorsk, Nyankole, Oromo, Polish, and Ordugian, Rumbo, Rwanda, Romanian, Rundi, Russian, Samburu, Sango, Sango, Northern Sami, Northern Ndebele, Hay, Slovak, Slovenian, Soga, Somali, Swahili, Taita, Teso, Faroese, Filipino, Finnish, French, Friuli, Croatian, Czech, chiga, shambhala, Swedish, Swiss German, Shona, Estonian



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